

Date:

Chapter: Chapter 5:1 --> Graphing Quadratic Functions

Objectives: Graph quadratic functions

Find and interpret the maximum and minimum values.

Notes:

Eddie is organizing a charity tournament. He plans to charge a \$20 entry fee for each of the 80 players. He recently decided to raise the entry fee by \$5, and 5 fewer players entered with the increase. He used this information to determine how many fee increases will maximize the money raised.

A quadratic function can be used to represent this situation. What will happen? What will this graph look like?



***Quadratic Function** = Greatest exponent is 2.

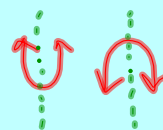
= $f(x) = ax^2 \pm bx \pm c$ is standard form

$f(x) = x^2 + 1$

Three Parts to a Quadratic Function

- 1) Quadratic Term = ax^2
- 2) Linear Term = bx
- 3) Constant Term = c

***Parabola** = Graph of a quadratic function.



***Axis of Symmetry** = Line that goes through the parabola so that it divides it into 2 congruent parts; "fold line"

Axis of Symmetry Formula

-used to find the x of the vertex-

$x = \frac{-b}{2a}$

$x^2 - 2x + 3$
 \uparrow
 $+(1^2)$



***Vertex** = The point at which the axis of symmetry goes through; maximum or minimum point. (x, y)

***Y-Intercept** = C in standard form; where crosses y-axis.

***Maximum** = Greatest possible value of a function.

***Minimum** = Lowest possible value of a function.



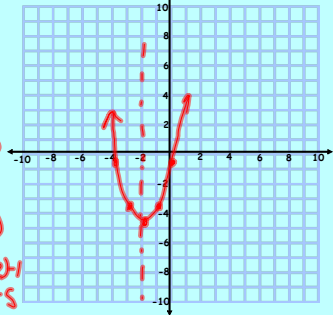
Examples:

Ex. 1 - Graph using a table of values.

a) $f(x) = x^2 + 4x + 1$

x	y
0	-1
-1	-4
-2	-5
-3	-4
-4	-1

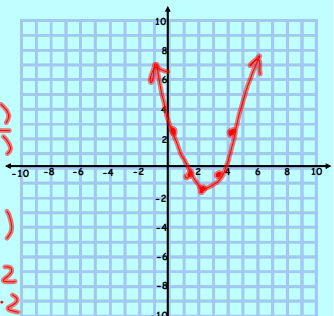
$x = \frac{-b}{2a} = \frac{-4}{2(1)} = -2$
 $(-2, -5)$
 $(-1)^2 + 4(-1) + 1 = 1 - 4 + 1 = -4$
 $(-3)^2 + 4(-3) + 1 = 9 - 12 + 1 = -2$



b) $f(x) = x^2 - 4x + 2$

x	y
4	2
3	-1
2	-2
1	-1
0	2

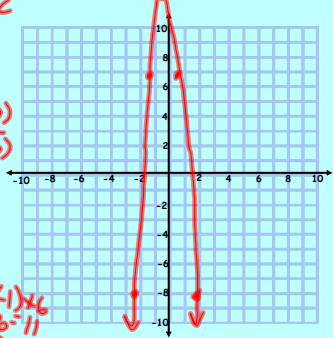
$x = \frac{-b}{2a} = \frac{-(-4)}{2(1)} = 2$
 $(2, -2)$
 $1^2 - 4(1) + 2 = 1 - 4 + 2 = -1$
 $4^2 - 4(4) + 2 = 16 - 16 + 2 = 2$



c) $f(x) = -5x^2 - 10x + 6$

x	y
1	-9
0	6
-1	11
-2	6
-3	-9

$x = \frac{-b}{2a} = \frac{-(-10)}{2(-5)} = -1$
 $(-1, 11)$
 $-5(1)^2 - 10(1) + 6 = -5 - 10 + 6 = -9$
 $-5(-1)^2 - 10(-1) + 6 = -5 + 10 + 6 = 11$



Ex. 2 - Determine the following a & b:

- 1) If the function is a max. or min.
- 2) State the max. or min.
- 3) State the domain and range

a) $f(x) = x^2 + 2x + 3$

$x = \frac{-b}{2a} = \frac{-2}{2(1)} = -1$
 $(-1, 4)$
 $(-1)^2 + 2(-1) + 3 = 1 - 2 + 3 = 4$
 Max.
 $R = \{y \mid y \leq 4\}$
 $D = \{x \mid x \in \mathbb{R}\}$

b) $f(x) = 4x^2 - 24x + 11$

$x = \frac{-b}{2a} = \frac{-(-24)}{2(4)} = 3$
 $(3, -25)$
 $4(3)^2 - 24(3) + 11 = 36 - 72 + 11 = -25$
 Min.
 $D = \{x \mid x \in \mathbb{R}\}$
 $R = \{y \mid y \geq -25\}$

Homework:

p. 254 (#12-30 Evens, 61, 66, 68, 69)